di Katia Falchetti Liceo Economico Sociale Nolfi di Fano

https://padlet.com/katia_falchetti/e9f38556n1oc



Do you know it?



- •Check the label of your T-shirt or another cloth you're wearing, looking for its origin
- Compare the results with your classmates
- Write the conclusions down,
 in a graphic or a chart

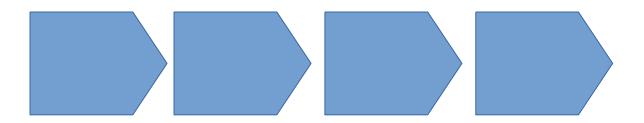


A globalized T-shirt



http://greenreport.it/ archivio2009/index.php?page=default&id=966

Track the path of the T-shirt Petra Rivoli analyzed



Globalization explained



- Watch the video
- •In the meanwhile, do the linked task you can find in Sheet 1 (Globalization explained: Fill in); you can work in pair or team



https://youtu.be/Xs5iHF3cMLA

About language: chunks

Have you never heard about this word: chunks?



Underline some typical chunks in the text you filled («Globalization explained»)

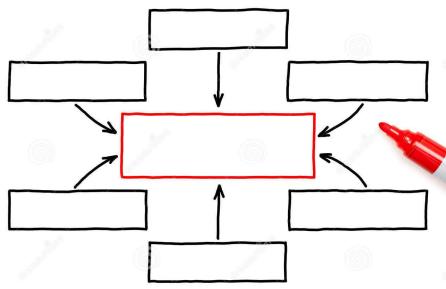


Scaffolding



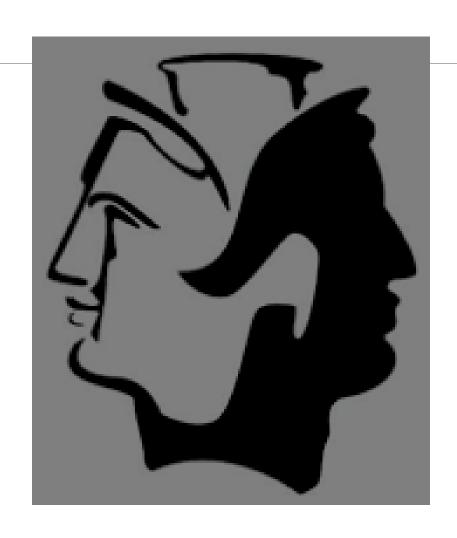


Now write some sentences with the chunks you choosed and link them in a chart like this, drawing your speech about G' ' ' ' _____



Talk about it with your partner

Challenges of Globalization



1. Globalization and Economy





"The benefits of a globalized economy must be accompained by greater global cooperation to prevent and contain the spread of "global bads", such as the spread of economic crises, epidemics, environmental degradation, crime and drugs".

- •What do you think "global cooperation" means?
- •Write down a definition in your own words. Then check with your partner.

The New economy



Vote the most important driver of change in the future and analyze with your partner one of the given ideas, watching its own video:

http://ideas.ted.com/what-will-be-the-most-important-driver-of-change-in-the-future/

Take notes and explain the main points to the class (MT)



The New Economy: comparison



Compare your work with these features, which are considered the main trends of the New Economy:

- An increase in knowledge-based jobs
- Higher levels of dynamism and competition
- Faster times to market
- Increased product and service diversity
- Constant technological innovation
- The advent of the Internet and the information technology revolution
- Globalization



The Old Economy





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PxEud-DqJ64

Vocaboulary



Find the equivalents of these Italian words:

- Prestiti bancari
- Beni
- Intelligenza/Cervello
- Computer portatile
- Comparsa (nascita)

Vocaboulary



Write definitions of the following words and phrases:

- Benefits
- Bit of information
- Breckthrough
- Inequality

"It's an Internet where data becomes things and things become data"

What do you think it means?

Vocaboulary: transitional words and phrases

Comparison

in the same way, by the same token, similarly, in like manner, likewise, in similar fashion

Contrast

Yet, and yet, nevertheless, nonetheless, after all, but, however, though, otherwise, on the contrary, in contrast, notwithstanding, on the other hand, at the same time

Comparing Old and New Econor

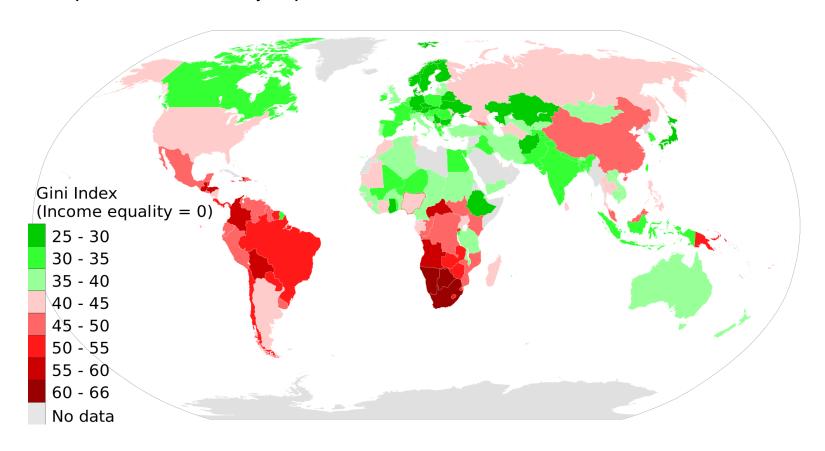
Fill this chart, comparing:

OLD ECONOMY	NEW ECONOMY

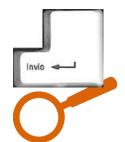
Gini coefficient



File:2014 Gini Index World Map, income inequality distribution by country per World Bank.svg From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia



GDP



https://ourworldindata.org/gdp-data/#gdp-per-capita-over-time

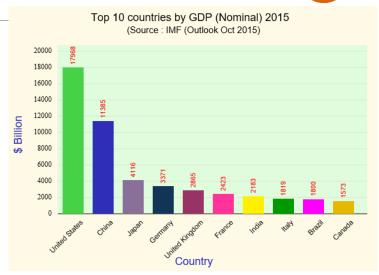
Looking at the last two slides and at Sheet 2, find out:



- Number of very poor countries:

- Three countries with high income inequality:

Search in your own, statistic information about literacy. You can work in pair or team.



2. Global School





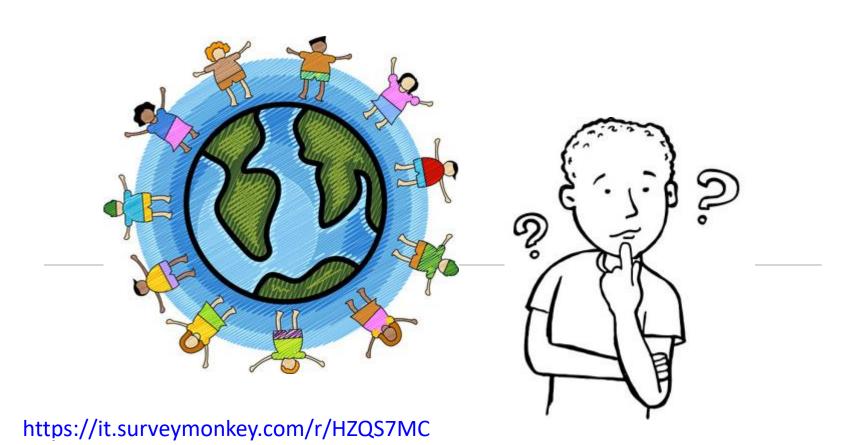
"We are going to enter a world where people work with their brains instead of their hands. A world dominated by the advent of the Internet and the information technology revolution"

- •What kind of consequences will these changes have on school and university education?

 Immagine to be a Minister of State for Schools. You need to plan your policy for the future:
- •What kind of skills should young people have to develop? Write down your ideas and present them to your partner/the class

3. Globalization for Authors: Z.Bauman



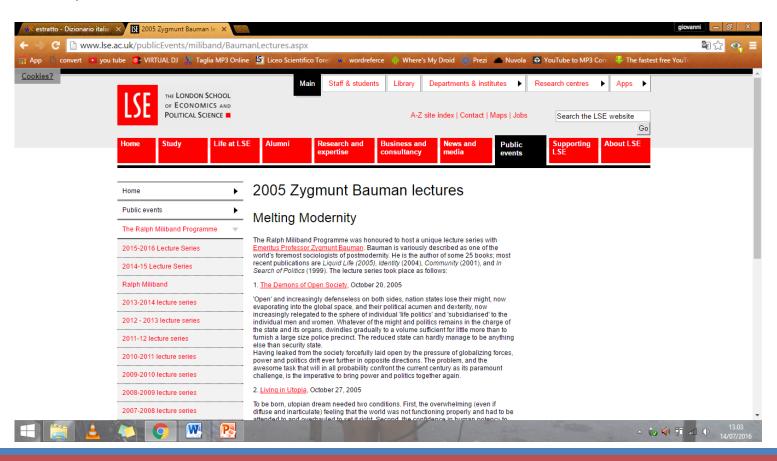


Globalization for Author Z.Bauman



Reading

Read the selection from Z.Bauman lecture (Sheet 3) and check your answers

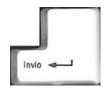




Summarize and compare

Fill the chart, summarizing the right data

	Richest countries' data	Poorest countries' data
0,5 of the Global product		
Around 2.5 billion dollars a year		
Around 18 billion dollars a year		



Vocaboulary

Fill the chart:

Verb	Meaning	Adjective	Noun
Aver	to affirm (formal)		
	knowledge		Wisdom
	sensible	Grounded	
	sadness		Distress
Stroll	to walk		
	goods		Commodity
	relevance		Bearing

Your turn to speak about



Look back at the last four slides. Link the words below to shape a diagram. Then, create some sentences to explain the topic, according to Z.Bauman. You can join new words, in your own, to the diagram.

JUSTICE

PEACE

INJUSTICE

GLOBALIZATION

REVENGE

4. Globalization and human rights



Do you know...

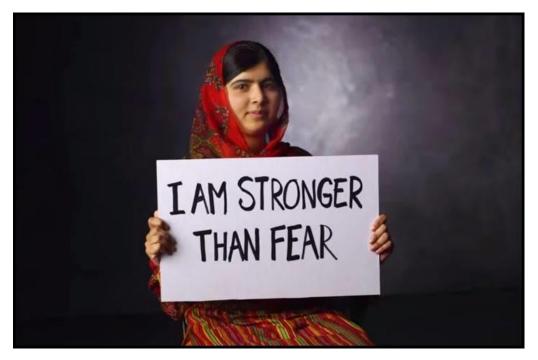
Why Malala was awarded the Nobel Prize in 2014?



Globalization and human rights

Work in team for a competition, searching on the internet (www.nobelprize.org) about the right

answers (sheet 4)





Globalization and human rights

Look at the list and guess... (sheet 5)

What is it?

It's only what happened in 2016. How many events of those did you already hear or read about?

LA GALASSIA DEL TERRORE

Afghanistan/Pakistan

Al-Oaida

Fondata da Osama bin Laden e guidata dalla sua morte da Ayman al-Zawahiri, il suo network conta numerosi gruppi affiliati

Nord Africa

Al-Qaida nel Maghreb Islamico

Opera in Algeria – dove sono le sue origini – Tunisia, Libia, Mauritania, Mali, Senegal, Nigea, Nageria. Si finanzia gestie a rapimenti di cittadini occidentali, traffico di droga e attrittà diagonarabbando

Ansar al-Sharia (Libia)

Il gruppo mira alla rigida applicazione della Sharia sul territorioristissico. Miliciani di Derna hanno assunto il controlio della città, proclamato il califfato ad espresso fedeltà allo Stato Inlemico.

Nigeria

Boko Haram

Fondato sel 2002, punta al rovesciamento del governo e all'instantazione del regime della Sharia. È nespensabile del rapimento – avvenuto nell'appile 2014 – di oltre 270 ragazze a Chilole, chita del nord della Nigeria. conquistata nel novembre s'accessivo.

Yemer

Al-Qaida nella penisola arabica (AQAP)

Nati nel 2009 dalla fusione dei rami yenomita e siudita di al-Quida, ha sfruttato la crescente inatabilità dello Vernen dopo la caduta del presidente Saleh (2012). Opera linche in Arabia Saudita

Subcontinente indiano

(India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Sri Lanka e Maldive)

Al-Qaida nel subcontinente indiano

Fedele ad Ayman al-Zawahiri, la sua nascita è stata ufficialmente annunciata dal leader di al-Quida il 3 settembre 2014

Caucaso russo



Brigate Abdullah Azzam

Costituitesi nel 2009, hanno un ramo attitto in Libano e uno nella Pensola araba

Egitto

Jamaat al-Islamiya

Responsabile di attentati negli anni 190, ha storicamente mirato all'an posizione della legge islamica in Egoto

Ansar Bayt al-Magdis

Attiva nella pensola del Sinal, ha punno nel novembre 2014 la denominazione Wilayat Sinal' e giurato fedeltà allo Stato Islamico

Afghanistan e Pakistan

Taliban

Ultimamente i rapporti con al-Qaida risultano controversi. In Alghanistan, assai complesse le prospettive di dialogo con il governo di Kabul

Pakistan

Tehrik-i-Taliban

Attivi nel Nord-Ovest del puess, al confine con l'Afghanistan, tra i loro attentati si ricorda quello contro Malala Younafast nell'ottobre 2012. Da novembre 2013 sono guidati da Maulana Fazlullah, dopo l'occisione del leader Hakimullah Mehsud da parte di un drone statunitense.

Somalia

Al-Shabab

Controlla ampie parti del territorio della Somalia e opera anche in Kenya e Uganda. Il suo leader Ahmed Ahdi Godase è stato ucciso nel corso di un raid statunitense ad inizio settembre 2014

Siria

Il Fronte al-Nusra

Costituitosi a fisc 2011 e affiliato ad al-Quida, le sue azioni sono state tra le più efficaci contro il regime di Damasco nel conflitto siriano

Khorasar

Costola di al-Quida, il gruppo non riconosce l'autorità dell'15. Nel corso di un'azione contro lo Stato Islamico nel settembre 2014, gli USA hanno coloito anche Khorasan

Traq e Siria

Stato Islamico (IS)

L'importanza dell'organizzazione, guidata dall'autoproclamato califfo Abu Balcr al-Baghdadi, è cresciuta esponenzialmente nella galassia jihadista.

Algeria

Jund al-Khilafah

Il gruppo si è separato da al-Quida nel Maghreb islamico e ha giurano fedeltà all'IS

Corea del Sud

Caucaso russo

Emirato del Caucaso

Il suo gruppo Vilayat Daghestan ha rivendicato gli attentati a Volgograd di fine dicembre 2013

Filippine

Abu Sayyaff

I leader del gruppo, attivo nelle Filippine, hanno giunto fedeltà all'IS

Indonesia

Jemaah Islamiah

Attivo nel Sud-Est asiatich, è responsabile di numerosi attentati

5. Global terror



Search on the internet the names and the map of the terrorist organizations



Is it

Global terror and Author U.Beck



Now make your own opinion, looking at the newspaper and reading «La società mondiale del rischio» in your text book (MT)

Complete: I think.......

Now set a talk show in your class: choose a title, choose the presenter and start arguing over the topic, with the guests

6. Globalization and people

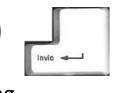


What Multiculturalism is



Globalization and people







Watch the video and do the tasks before and after (Sheet 6)

http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/en/word-street/multicultural-britain

French Muslims Say Veil Bans Give Cover to Bias



By SUZANNE DALEY and ALISSA J. RUBIN MAY 26, 2015



French Muslims say constant talk about banning veils has made them targets of abuse.

http://www.nytimes.com/2015/05/27/world/europe/muslim-frenchwomen-struggle-with-discrimination-as-bans-on-veils-expand.html? r=0

Multiculturalism and democracy



Serch something on the internet about Veil Bans in France and make your own opinon. Talk with your partner and the class

Can multiculturalism and democracy go together?

Globalization and people, for Author U.Hannerz

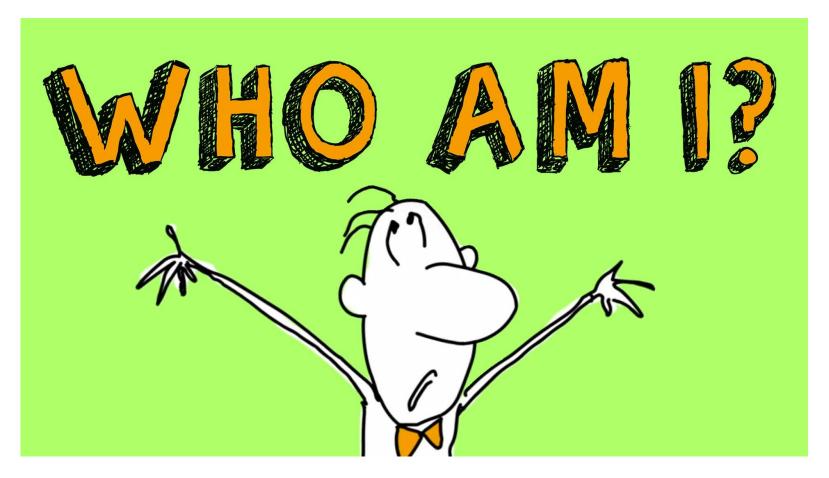
From multiculturalism to integration or homogenisation?



http://www.socant.su.se/english/research/our-researchers/ulf-hannerz
Search a reading in your text book and answer the question,
according to the author

Globalization and peopleidentities





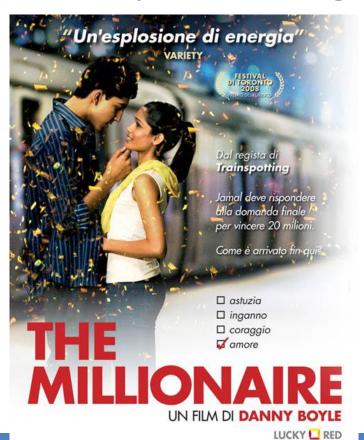
Khun & Mc Partland experiment: follow your teacher's instructions

(Sheet 7)



7. Globalizazion and cities

Metropolis and Megalopolis: the case of Mumbai



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CtSTC4OmN6Q

The slums: are they current o past?

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OwHcZWFKJdU

Debate Pod: Pros and cons of Globalization



Look back at the whole work.

Students work in teams of two or more,
to prepare their case (thinking about arguments and
counter-arguments, as well as putting these in order of
Importance, possibly preparing some supports) and
then argue it against another group
who are their opposition.

When it's time to debate, you can have listening groups, who judge the winner and make notes (on presentation, clarity of speech, quality of argument, body language, powers of persuasion) for subsequent feedback.

What about this course?



- What I learnt
- •What would you put in the suitcase?
- What I loved
- •What would you write in your heart?
- What I hated
- •What would you trow into the bin?

